Re: The Visit of the Delegation of the CC CPC to the Soviet Union in Oct/Nov 1969 (See also Report dtd 25 Oct 1969)

Source: S

Date: 14 Jan 1990

Following is the gist of information given by the Source after his return from the Soviet Union where he stayed from mid-Oct to mid-Nov 1969.

1. Contrary to expectations and intentions of the Ukrainian-Canadian "contingent" of the Delegation to turn their visit into another series of meetings and serious conferences with competent, highest Soviet personalities in Moscow and Kiev on the subject of nationalities policy and on Ukrainian afrairs in particular, the Soviet hosts put emphasis on ceremonials (they celebrated the anniversary of Re-Union of West Ukraine with Saviet Ukraine in 1939) and arrange(the Delegation's sojourn accordingly. This, of course, was a disappointment for the group but they were not able to dod anything about it. Beside Kiev and Lvov, the group vifited also Moscow, Poltava, and Kharkov. In Lvov they were present at the Re-Union celebrations and took part in a banquet at which also were members of the Polish Delegation. Among local notables was chairman of the Lvoy oblykonkom TELISHEVSKY and his predecessor Semen STEFANYK. The latter was one of the main speakers and welcoming Polish delegates said something to the effect that Poles are in a better position " since they have no language problem similar to the one we have". Also other speakers mentioned this subject stressing necessity for developing "native language", "culture" etc.

2. According to Source, though BREZHNEV and KOSYGIN are "mentally" capable to introduce neo-Stalinism, a return to Stalinist terror was improbable. This was opinion based on various discussions with different people in the Ukraine and other observations. As "a proof" that there was no Stalinist terror being introduced Source mentioned the fact that Ivan Dziuba had not been arrested. On this occasion he also added that "of course, he (## Dziuba) has very high protectors". He did not say, howevery who they were.

DECLASSIFIED AND RELEASED BY CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY SOURCES METHODS EXEMPTION 3828 NAZIWAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT DATE 2007



3. In Source's opinion, the Russification drive in the Ukraine has slowed down. On the whole he is quite optimistic as to future developments in the Soviet Ukraine. Quietly there continues a process of permeation of highest Ruxini government and party echelons with "genuine " Ukrainian element supplied by younger generations. As an example Source mentioned TRONKO Tetro who in his opinion was definitely "more Ukrainian for instance Shelest".

Next few years will be decisive as to the outcome of the present "balance" existing in this ainization-versus-Russification-struggle.

As an example of slowing down of Russification by authorities Source mentioned the fact that contrary to his previous experiences, this time on their visit to a kindergarten in Poltava, they were presented with only: 5 performance in Russian, and LL in Ukrainian.

4. Source was almost perplexed by ubiquitous anti-Chinese propaganda. In his words, there is a war-psychosis against China. "Everybody was talking about imminent war with Red China".

In Moscow the Delegation visited the Museum of Soviet Army. They were also shown a separate exhibit room devoted to the Battle on Usari River.

Photographs of wounded and killed Soviet soldiers were exhibited together with weapons, decorations, etc. A film of military funeral was demonstrated to the accompaniment of melodramatic music..

5. Discussing the strengthening of Ukrainian element in Soviet highest echelons in Kiev, Source warned against any harmful and irresponsible moves on the part of national emigration, stressing that any underlining of patriotic features in respective Soviet Ukrainian personalities by emigres would only provide the Russofiers with handy weapons against them.

6. The government of the Ukr SSR will sent to Edmonton, Alberta a life-size statue of Wasyl Stefanyk which should be mfixxxxxxx formally unveiled in May 1971.